

June 8, 2007 A. Ram

(1)

Life begins w/

W_0 finite group acting on a \mathbb{Z} -lattice P generated by reflections. A reflection

is $s \in W_0 \subseteq GL(P)$ s.t.
 $\subseteq GL(V)$

$V^s = \{\lambda \in V \mid s\lambda = \lambda\}$
 is codim 1

$$V := \mathbb{R} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} P$$

Cherality $(W_0, P) \leftrightarrow (G, T)$

Examples

1. $G = GL_n$, $W_0 = S_n$

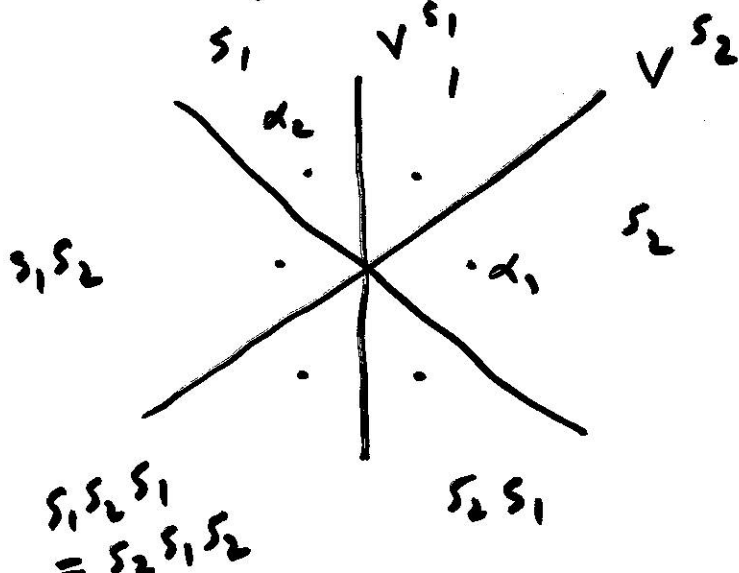
$T = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} * & & 0 \\ & \ddots & \\ 0 & & * \end{pmatrix} \right\}$ $P = \text{span} \{ \epsilon_1, \dots, \epsilon_n \}$

2. $G = S_3$

$W_0 = \text{dihedral order 6}$

$T = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} * & 0 \\ 0 & * & * \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

$P = \text{span} \{ \alpha_1, \alpha_2 \}$



DAHA and Macdonald polyns

The double affine Hecke algebra H is generated by

$$\mathbb{C}[X] = \text{span} \{ x^\lambda \mid \lambda \in P \}$$

$$x^\lambda x^\mu = x^{\lambda+\mu}$$

$$H_0 = \text{span} \{ T_w \mid w \in W_0 \}$$

$$T_{s_i}^2 = (t^{1/2} - t^{-1/2}) T_{s_i} + 1$$

$\mathbb{C}[Y]$ replace y 's in $\mathbb{C}[X]$
w/relations to move x^λ left, y^μ right
s.t.

$$H = \mathbb{C}[X] \otimes H_0 \otimes \mathbb{C}[Y] \quad (\text{triang. decomp.})$$

The affine Hecke algebra

$\hat{H} = H_0 \otimes \mathbb{C}[Y]$ has a 1-dim module $\mathbb{1}$

$$T_w \mathbb{1} = t^{\frac{1}{2} \ell(w)} \mathbb{1}, \quad y^\mu \mathbb{1} = q^{\langle \rho, \mu \rangle} \mathbb{1}$$

and polynomial representation is

$$\text{Ind}_{\hat{H}}^H (\mathbb{1}) = \mathbb{C}[X] \mathbb{1}$$

$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \sum \text{positive roots}$

The Macdonald polynomials are the simultaneous eigenvectors of γ^M on $\mathbb{C}[X]$.

Affine Hecke algebra and Satake and \mathbb{F}_0

Let $\tilde{H} = \mathbb{C}[X] \otimes H_0$ and $\mathbb{1}_0$ is the 1-dim H_0 module $(T_w \mathbb{1}_0 = t^{\frac{1}{2} \ell(w)} \mathbb{1}_0)$

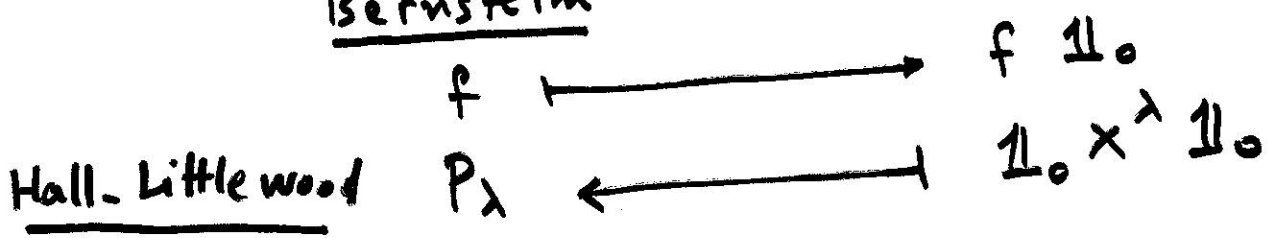
$$\mathbb{1}_0 = \sum_{w \in W_0} (t^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\ell(w)} T_w$$

and $\text{Ind}_{H_0}^{\tilde{H}} (\mathbb{1}_0) = \tilde{H} \mathbb{1}_0 = \mathbb{C}[X] \mathbb{1}_0$
 satake

$$\mathbb{C}[X]^{W_0} = Z(\tilde{H}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{1}_0 \tilde{H} \mathbb{1}_0$$

Bernstein

spherical Hecke algebra

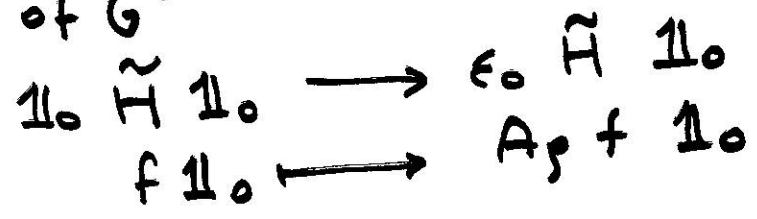


Weyl characters

$$S_\lambda$$

$$\epsilon_0 = \sum_{w \in W_0} (-t^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\ell(w)} T_w$$

$\mathbb{C}[X]^{W_0} = \text{Rep}^n$ ring of G^\vee



(4)

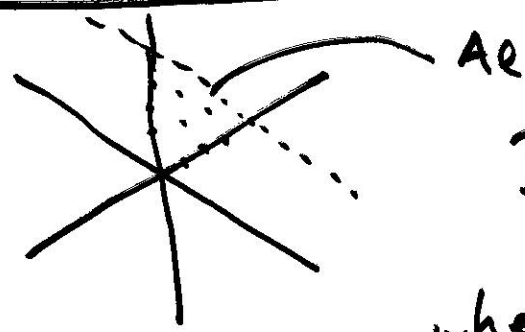
$$\mathbb{C}[W]^{W_0} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{1}_0 \tilde{H} \mathbb{1}_0 \rightarrow \epsilon_0 \tilde{H} \mathbb{1}_0 =: \mathcal{F}_0$$

$$s_\lambda \longmapsto c_\lambda' \longleftarrow A_{\lambda+\rho} = \epsilon_0 x^{\lambda+\rho} \mathbb{1}_0$$

Kazdan-Lusztig
basis

level 0
Fock space

Level l Fock space



$$\mathcal{F}_l = \bigoplus_{\nu \in A_l} \epsilon_0 \tilde{H} \mathbb{1}_\nu$$

where $\mathbb{1}_\nu = \sum_{w \in W_\nu} (t^{1/2})^{e(w)} T_w$

$\lambda \in \mathcal{F}_l \iff \epsilon_0 x^\beta T_w \mathbb{1}_\nu$ if $\lambda = l\beta + w\nu$ with
 w min length in W/W_0
 $w_0 =$ stabilizer of ν

Then

$$\mathcal{F}_l|_{t=1} \xrightarrow{\sim} K(\mathcal{U}_q \mathfrak{g}\text{-modules}), \quad q^l = 1$$

standard modules

simple modules

$$|\lambda\rangle \longmapsto \Delta(\lambda)$$

$$G_\lambda^- \longmapsto L(\lambda)$$

standard
KL

$$\mathcal{U}_q \mathfrak{g}\text{-modules} = \bigoplus_{\nu \in A_l} (\mathcal{U}_q \mathfrak{g}\text{-modules})^{[\nu]}$$

(missing Langlands dual?)

Translation $g = g \oplus \mathfrak{m}, U_q g$ (5)

$V =$ standard n -dim $U_q g$ -module

$(\Delta(\mu) \otimes V)^{[\mu + \epsilon_i]}$
has factors $\Delta(\mu + \epsilon_j)$ in block $[\mu + \epsilon_i]$
 \downarrow
 $\equiv: T_{\mu}^{\mu + \epsilon_i}(\Delta(\mu)) = (\Delta(\mu) \otimes V)^{[\mu + \epsilon_i]}$

Keep track of factors according to their depth in a Jantzen filtration

Fix $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle_{\Delta}$ $U_q g$ contravariant form

on $\Delta(\mu)$ $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle_V$ on V and set

$$\langle m_1 \otimes v_1, m_2 \otimes v_2 \rangle = \langle m_1, m_2 \rangle_{\Delta} \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle_V$$

on $\Delta(\mu) \otimes V$

$$N_{\mu + \epsilon_j}^+ = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{highest wt vectors of} \\ \text{wt } \mu + \epsilon_j \text{ in } \Delta(\mu_j) \otimes V \end{array} \right\}$$

$$V_{\epsilon_j} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{wt vectors of wt} \\ \epsilon_j \text{ in } V \end{array} \right\}$$

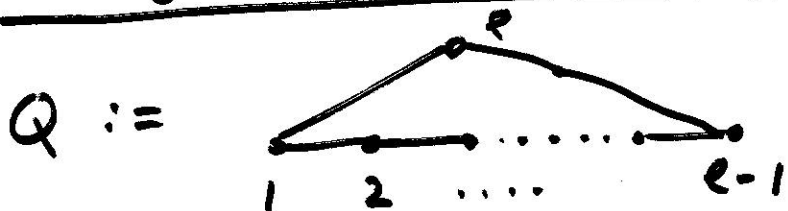
Let $a_{\mu + \epsilon_j}(\mu)$ be given by

$$\det \left(\begin{array}{c} \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle \text{ on} \\ N_{\mu + \epsilon_j}^+ \end{array} \right) = a_{\mu + \epsilon_j}(\mu) \det^t(V_{\epsilon_j})$$

For $1 \leq i \leq \ell$ define

$$(*) \quad f_i |\mu\rangle = \sum_{\substack{\text{factors } \Delta(u+\epsilon_i) \text{ in} \\ \text{block } \mu+\epsilon_i}} t^{\#([\ell] \text{ in } a_{\mu+\epsilon_i}(\mu))} |\mu+\epsilon_i\rangle$$

Hall algebra action on \mathcal{F}_ℓ



A representation of Q is a functor from Q to vector spaces over \mathbb{F}_t .
The Hall algebra of Q is

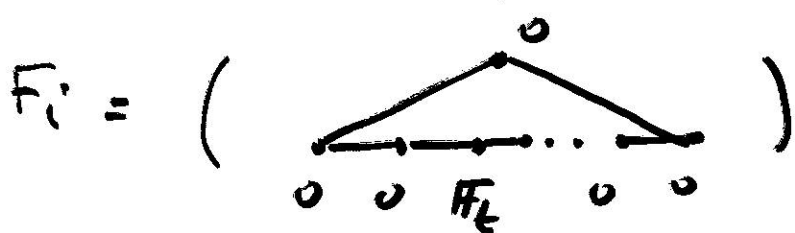
$U_t^- = \text{span} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{isom. classes } F_\lambda \text{ of} \\ \text{nilpotent reps of } Q \end{array} \right\}$
with product

$$F_\mu F_\nu = \sum_{\lambda} t^{-x_{\mu\nu}} g_{\mu\nu}^\lambda (t^{-2}) F_\lambda$$

where

$$g_{\mu\nu}^\lambda = \# \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma \subseteq \lambda \mid \sigma \cong \mu \\ \lambda/\sigma \cong \nu \end{array} \right\}$$

$= \# \{ \text{subreps of } \lambda \text{ of type } \mu \text{ and co type } \nu \}$



(*) makes \mathcal{F}_ℓ into a U_t^- module